**The New South Unit**

**SS8H7 Evaluate key political, social, and economic changes that occurred in Georgia during the New South Era.** a. Identify the ways individuals, groups, and events attempted to shape the New South; include the Bourbon Triumvirate, Henry Grady, International Cotton Expositions, and Tom Watson and the Populists.

b. Analyze how rights were denied to African Americans or Blacks through Jim Crow laws, Plessy v. Ferguson, disenfranchisement, and racial violence, including the 1906 Atlanta Riot.

c. Explain the roles of Booker T. Washington, W. E. B. DuBois, and Alonzo Herndon in advancement of the rights of African Americans or Blacks in the New South Era.

d. Examine antisemitism and the resistance to racial equality exemplified in the Leo Frank case.

**GPB App:** Unit 6, Chapters 15 and 16 (pages 372 – 449)

**Textbook Reading:** Chapter 9 Sections 3-4 and Chapter 10 Sections 1-5

**I know…**

* the impact of the Bourbon Triumvirate
* the importance of Henry Grady
* the reasons for the International Cotton Expositions
* who Tom Watson was and what the Populists believed in
* what RFD stands for and why it was important in Georgia
* how rights were denied to African-Americans through the Jim Crow Laws
* what happened in the Plessy vs. Ferguson Supreme Court case
* what disenfranchisement means and how this was accomplished in the South
* what happened to cause the 1906 Atlanta Riot
* how Booker T. Washington helped advance the rights of Blacks
* how WEB Dubois helped advance the rights of Blacks
* the importance of Alonzo Herndon
* who Leo Frank was and what happened to him